

$$s \rightarrow H^1(\overline{D}_X / \mathcal{G}_{\text{loc}}, \Delta_0 \otimes \mathcal{O}(2)) \rightarrow H^1(\overline{D}_Y / \mathcal{G}_{\text{loc}}, \Delta_0 \otimes \mathcal{O}(2)) \rightarrow H^1(\overline{D}_Z / \mathcal{G}_{\text{loc}}, \Delta_0 \otimes \mathcal{O}(2))$$

(exact)

Image of $\eta^\theta \in H^1(\overline{D}_Y / \mathcal{G}_{\text{loc}}, \Delta_0)$ arises from $\ell \Delta_0 \subset \Delta_0$

$\exists \eta^\theta \in H^1(\overline{D}_Y / \mathcal{G}_{\text{loc}}, \ell \Delta_0)$

well-def. up to $(\mathbb{Z}/\ell)^*$ well-def. up to \mathbb{O}_K^* -mult

" ℓ -th root of the étale theta fact"

$\eta^\theta, \ell \mathbb{Z} \times \mu_2 : \overline{D}_X / \mathcal{G}_{\text{loc}} / \overline{D}_Y / \mathcal{G}_{\text{loc}} \cong \ell \mathbb{Z} \times \mu_2$ -char of η^θ

Def 7.12 ([E+T4, Def 2.7]) We call $\eta^\theta, \ell \mathbb{Z} \times \mu_2$ a standard type

$\Leftrightarrow \eta^\theta, \ell \mathbb{Z} \times \mu_2 : \text{std type}$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{(exact)} \\
 H^1(S^{\text{Assy}(3)}(G_{12}), \Delta_0 \otimes \mathbb{Z}/2) \\
 \uparrow \\
 0 \rightarrow H^1(\overline{D}_2, \Delta_0 \otimes \mathbb{Z}/2) \\
 \uparrow \quad \downarrow \\
 \quad \quad \quad \eta^0 = S^{\text{Assy}(3)}(G_{12}) \\
 0 \rightarrow H^1(\overline{D}_2 | S^{\text{Assy}(3)}(G_{12}), \Delta_0 \otimes \mathbb{Z}/2) \rightarrow H^1(\pi_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{top}}, \Delta_0 \otimes \mathbb{Z}/2) \rightarrow H^1(\pi_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{top}}, \Delta_0 \otimes \mathbb{Z}/2) \\
 \uparrow \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \\
 0 \quad \quad \quad \mathbb{Z} \quad \quad \quad 0 \quad \quad \quad 0 \quad \quad \quad 0 \quad \quad \quad 0 \quad \quad \quad 0
 \end{array}$$

(exact)

$$\begin{aligned}
 S^{\text{Assy}(3)}(G_{12}) &\rightarrow S^{\text{Assy}(3)}(\mathbb{Z}) \rightarrow S^{\text{Assy}(3)}(\mathbb{Z}) \rightarrow S^{\text{Assy}(3)}(\mathbb{Z})^{-1} \\
 &= S^{\text{Assy}(3)}(\mathbb{Z}) (S^{\text{Assy}(3)}(\mathbb{Z}))^{-1} = 1
 \end{aligned}$$

Image of $\eta^0 \in H^1(\pi_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{top}}, \Delta_0)$ arises from $\ell \Delta_0 \subset \Delta_0$
 $\exists \eta^0 \in H^1(\pi_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{top}}, \ell \Delta_0)$

(cont)

(1), \mathcal{F} : preserves the property that if $\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{C})$ is of std type
 \mathcal{F} 's this collection of classes up to a p_0 -mult.

(2), Assume corps of X are rational / K , non char, w/ $K \neq \mathbb{C}$
 $\Rightarrow \{ \pm 1 \}$ -str of Prop 7.9 (3) \mathcal{F} 's p_0 -str. at the desc. pts of the corps
 \mathcal{F} preserved by \mathcal{F}

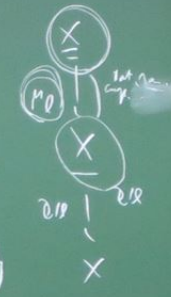
\Uparrow
Prop 7.9 & Lem 7.10

Lem 7.14 ([E74, (2.9)])
Assume $p_0 \nmid CK$

corps of X labelling labellis
 \swarrow \searrow
 $\mathbb{Z}/m\mathbb{Z}$ $\mathbb{Z}/m\mathbb{Z}$

$$\{ \text{Corps of } X \} / \text{Aut}_K(X) \simeq (\mathbb{Z}/m\mathbb{Z}) / \{ \pm 1 \}$$

& preserved by $\mathcal{F}: \Pi_X^{\text{tr}} \simeq \Pi_X^{\text{tr}}$ of \mathcal{F} -pts



labelling
labelled

cycl. rig.
cont. mult. rig.
micro rig.

$$\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{F}^i) \simeq \mathcal{F}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \mathcal{F}(\mathcal{F}^i) \simeq \mathcal{F}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \mathcal{F}(\mathcal{F}^i) \simeq \mathcal{F}$$

$\mathbb{N} \subset \mathbb{Z}$
[E74, R.5]
 $\mathcal{F} \neq \mathcal{F}$

7/10

Cor 7.13 (Const. Mult. Pts. of l -th Root of the Etale Thm Fact [E+T, (2.8)])

$\underline{X} = (\text{map } t_{\underline{X}}) \text{ over } K = (\text{map } t_K) / \mathbb{Q}$ as before

(1.) $\downarrow: \Pi_{\underline{X}}^{\text{top}} \xrightarrow{\sim} \Pi_{t_{\underline{X}}}^{\text{top}}$ inv. of top. gps

(1). \downarrow : preserves the property that $i_{\mathbb{Q}, \mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}}$ is of Std type

\downarrow 's this collection of classes up to a p_2 -mult.

(2). Assume corps of \underline{X} are rational / K , non char. of $K \neq l$, $\mu_{l, CK}$

$\Rightarrow \{ \pm 1 \}$ -str. of Prop 7.9(3) \downarrow 's μ_{2l} -str. at the decy. gps of the corps

computed com. int. str. preserved by \downarrow

\Downarrow
Prop 7.9 & Cor 7.10

Cor 7.14 ([E+T, (2.9)])

Assume $\mu_{l, CK}$

corps of \underline{X} \leftarrow labelling labell's
 \leftarrow mixed. comp. $\exists m, 2$

$$\{ \text{Corps of } \underline{X} / \text{Aut}_K(\underline{X}) \} \xrightarrow{\sim} (\mathbb{Q}/\mathbb{Z}) / \langle \pm 1 \rangle$$

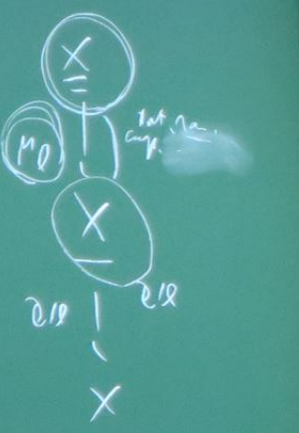
& preserved by $\downarrow: \Pi_{\underline{X}}^{\text{top}} \xrightarrow{\sim} \Pi_{t_{\underline{X}}}^{\text{top}}$ of top. gps



\mathbb{Q}/\mathbb{Z}
 \mathbb{Q}/\mathbb{Z}
 \mathbb{Q}/\mathbb{Z}

of the curves
 $\Delta X =$

discrete ring
 all comp. action
 triangles



labelling
 labelled

$g^0 \sim g^{i^2} \theta$

$\{g^i\} \rightarrow g$

$N > 1$

① $\{g^i\} \rightarrow g$

$N \approx 0$

works

② $\{g^i\} \rightarrow g$

It needed

does not work

$0 \leq -N(k+1) + (k+1)$

$(k+1) \leq \frac{1}{N} (k+1)$

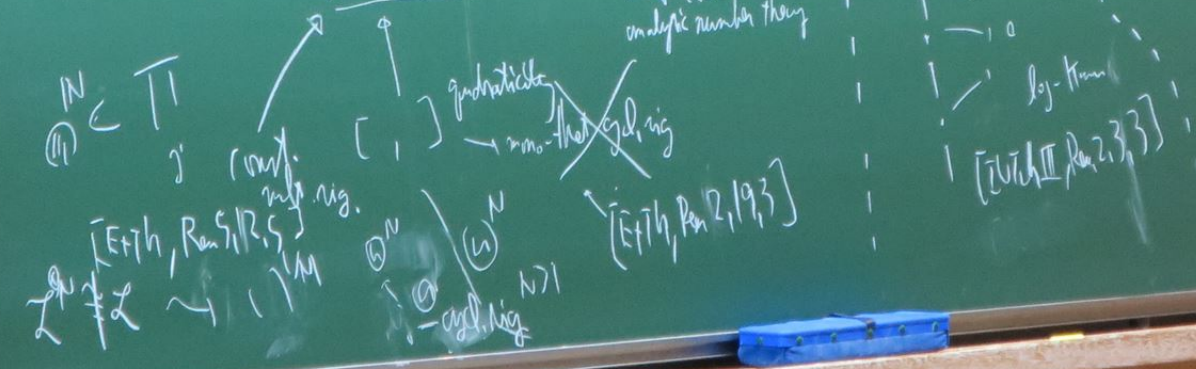
contradiction
 analytic number theory

definition i
 HA

$\sum_j^i () \approx \frac{g^i ()}{24}$

$\sum_j^i () \approx \frac{g^i ()}{24}$

minkowski
 equality

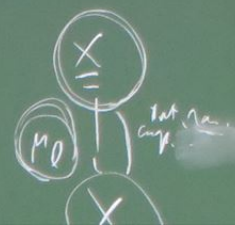


(2.8)

2-mult.
 l. pack
 . gps of the curves
 ed by λ

§7.4 Three Rigidity of Mono-Theta Environment

| | mono-theta env. \mathbb{C}^0 | bi-theta env. $\mathbb{C}^0, \mathbb{C}^1$ |
|-------------------|--|--|
| cycl. rig. | delicately \bigcirc quadratics $[1]$ | trivially \bigcirc |
| const. mult. rig. | delicately \bigcirc all completion | trivially \bigcirc |
| discrete rig. | \bigcirc | X |



$\{g_i\} \rightarrow g$
 $N > 1$
 $g \subset g^2 \subset g^3 \subset \dots$
 $0 \leq -(\ln |g| + \ln |det|)$
 $(\ln |g| - \ln |g| + \ln |g|)$
 $\sim |g| \approx (|g| \dots)$
 (definition HA)
 $\sum \ln |g| \approx \ln |g|$

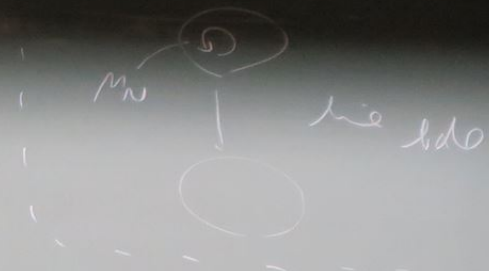


Def 7.15 $N \geq 1$ $\Pi_{M_N, K} := M_N \rtimes G_K$

For a top. gp Π w/ surj. $\Pi \rightarrow G_K$

put $\Pi[\mu_N] := \Pi \times_{G_K} \Pi_{M_N, K}$

cyclotomic envelope of
 $\Pi \rightarrow G_K$



$$\Delta[\mu_N] := \ker(\Pi[\mu_N] \rightarrow G_K)$$

$$= \Delta \times M_N$$

$$\Delta := \ker(\Pi \rightarrow G_K)$$

$$\mu_N(\pi[\mu_N]) := \ker(\pi[\mu_N] \rightarrow \pi)$$

\uparrow
 (mod N) cyclotoms of the cycl. char. $\pi[\mu_N]$

trans. sect. $G_K \rightarrow \pi_{\mu_N, K}$ of $\pi_{\mu_N} \rightarrow G_K$

$$\rightsquigarrow s_{\pi}^{\text{alg}} : \pi \rightarrow \pi[\mu_N]$$

mod N tautological section

For any obj w in $\pi[\mu_N]$ -conj. action,
 we call a μ_N -orbit a μ_N -conj. class

Lemma 1.16 ([E+Th, Prop 2.11])

$$\Pi \rightarrow G_K \text{ (resp. } \tau\Pi \rightarrow G_{\tau K})$$

open subgroup of the top or prof. fund. gp of hyperb. anal
/ a fin. ext'n k (resp. τk) / \mathbb{Q}_p

$$\Delta := \ker(\Pi \rightarrow G_K) \text{ (resp. } \tau\Delta = \ker(\tau\Pi \rightarrow G_{\tau K})$$

(1) $\ker(\Delta(\mu_N) \rightarrow \Delta)$ (resp. $\tau(\Delta(\mu_N) \rightarrow \tau\Delta)$)
is equal to the center of $\Delta(\mu_N)$ (resp. $\tau\Delta(\mu_N)$).

(1). $\ker(\Delta(\mu_N) \rightarrow \Delta)$ (resp. $\ker(\Delta(\mu_N) \rightarrow \Delta)$)
 is equal to the center of $\Delta(\mu_N)$ (resp. $\Delta(\mu_N)$)

In particular, ^{only isom} $\Delta(\mu_N) \cong \Delta(\mu_N)$

is equal to $\Delta(\mu_N) \rightarrow \Delta$, $\Delta(\mu_N) \rightarrow \Delta$

(2). $\ker(\Pi(\mu_N) \rightarrow \Pi)$ (resp. $\ker(\Pi(\mu_N) \rightarrow \Pi)$)

is equal to the union of the centers of the open
 subgroups of $\Pi(\mu_N)$ (resp. $\Pi(\mu_N)$)

In particular, ^{only isom} $\Pi(\mu_N) \cong \Pi(\mu_N)$

is equal to $\Pi(\mu_N) \rightarrow \Pi$
 $\Pi(\mu_N) \rightarrow \Pi$

(☹) $\ker(\Delta(\mu_N) \rightarrow \Delta)$
 or
 $\ker(\Pi(\mu_N) \rightarrow \Pi)$

Prop 7.17 ([E+Th, Prop 2.12])

iii. $\ker \left(\begin{pmatrix} \Delta_{\underline{x}}^{top} \\ \Delta_{\underline{x}}^{bot} \end{pmatrix} \right) = l\Delta_{\theta} \subset \left[\begin{pmatrix} \Delta_{\underline{x}}^{top} \\ \Delta_{\underline{x}}^{bot} \end{pmatrix} \right]$

use here an id.

(2) We have an equality

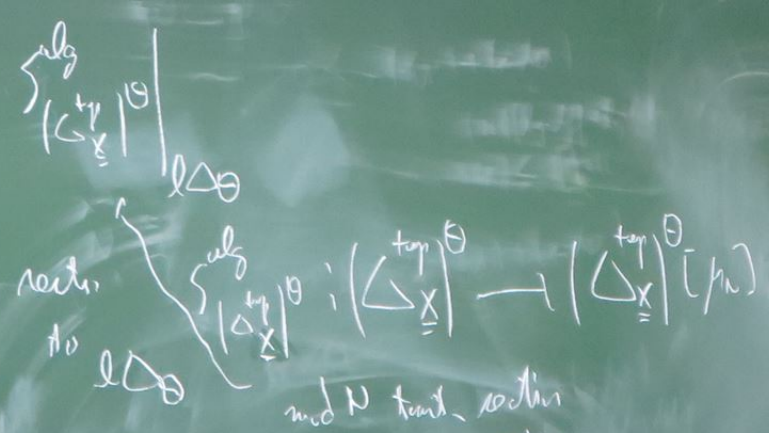
$$\left[\begin{pmatrix} \Delta_{\underline{x}}^{top} \\ \Delta_{\underline{x}}^{bot} \end{pmatrix} (l\mu_n) \right] \cap (l\Delta_{\theta} (l\mu_n)) = \left[\begin{pmatrix} \Delta_{\underline{x}}^{top} \\ \Delta_{\underline{x}}^{bot} \end{pmatrix} (l\Delta_{\theta} (l\mu_n)) \right]$$

so ...

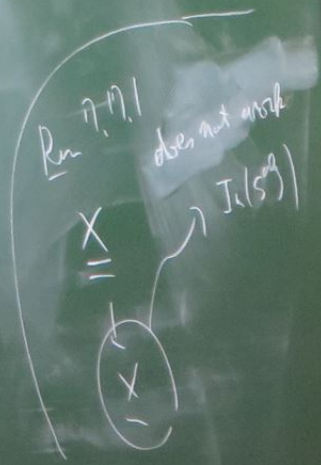
$\ker(\tau \pi \rightarrow G \times H)$
 $\tau \Delta$
 $\text{supp. } \tau \Delta(\mu_N)$

$\ker(|\Delta_X^\theta| + |\Delta_X^{\theta'}|) = l\Delta_\theta \subset [|\Delta_X^{\theta'}|, |\Delta_X^\theta|]$
 (2) We have an equality
 $[|\Delta_X^{\theta'}|(\mu_N), |\Delta_X^\theta|(\mu_N)] \cap (l\Delta_\theta)(\mu_N)$
 $= \text{Int} \left(\text{alg} \left(\frac{|\Delta_X^{\theta'}|}{l\Delta_\theta} : l\Delta_\theta \rightarrow |\Delta_X^\theta|(\mu_N) \right) \right)$

$\rightarrow \Delta, \tau \Delta(\mu_N) \rightarrow \tau \Delta$
 $\rightarrow \tau \pi$
 center of the open
 $\tau \pi(\mu_N)$
 $\sim \tau \pi(\mu_N)$
 $\cup \tau \pi(\mu_N) \rightarrow \tau \pi$



- (1) str. of Heisenberg $\mathfrak{H}(\frac{\tau \theta}{X})$
- (2) (= (1))



$$\underbrace{\Sigma_{\underline{Y}}^{\text{alg}}}_{\text{the components}} : \prod_{\underline{Y}}^{\text{top}} \xrightarrow{\Sigma_{\prod_{\underline{Y}}^{\text{top}}}^{\text{alg}}} \prod_{\underline{Y}}^{\text{top}} [M_N] \hookrightarrow \prod_{\underline{Y}}^{\text{top}} [M_N]$$

mod N algebraic section

Take the components $\eta : \prod_{\underline{Y}}^{\text{top}} \xrightarrow{\text{mod } N \text{ red.}} \mathbb{Z} \Delta_0 \otimes \mathbb{Z}/N \cong M_N$ (red. theory)

any elt in $\mathbb{Z} \Delta_0 \otimes \mathbb{Z}/N \subset H^1(\prod_{\underline{Y}}^{\text{top}}, \mathbb{Z} \Delta_0)$
 \uparrow
 1-cocycle

Put

$$S_{\underline{Y}}^{\ominus} := \eta^{-1} \cdot S_{\underline{Y}}^{\text{alg}} : \Pi_{\underline{Y}}^{\text{top}} \longrightarrow \Pi_{\underline{Y}}^{\text{top}}(\mu_N)$$

mod N theta action

Note $S_{\underline{Y}}^{\ominus}$: homomorphism.

the natural outer action

$$\text{Gal}(\underline{Y}/\underline{X}) \cong \Pi_{\underline{X}}^{\text{top}} / \Pi_{\underline{Y}}^{\text{top}} \cong \Pi_{\underline{X}}^{\text{top}}(\mu_N) / \Pi_{\underline{Y}}^{\text{top}}(\mu_N) \hookrightarrow \text{Out}(\Pi_{\underline{Y}}^{\text{top}}(\mu_N))$$

$$\left(\text{Gal}(\underline{Y}/\underline{X}) \overset{\text{out.}}{\curvearrowright} \Pi_{\underline{Y}}^{\text{top}}(\mu_N) \right) \begin{array}{l} \text{fixes } \Gamma_m(S_{\underline{Y}}^{\text{alg}} : \Pi_{\underline{Y}}^{\text{top}} \rightarrow \Pi_{\underline{Y}}^{\text{top}}(\mu_N)) \\ \text{up to conj. by } \mu_N \end{array}$$

$$\left(S_{\underline{Y}}^{\text{alg}} \text{ extends } \Pi_{\underline{X}}^{\text{top}} \rightarrow \Pi_{\underline{X}}^{\text{top}}(\mu_N) \right)$$

$$G \backslash (X/\mathbb{Z}) \cong \Pi_X \backslash \Pi_Y \cong \Pi_X(\mu_N) / \Pi_Y(\mu_N) \hookrightarrow \text{Out}(\Pi_Y(\mu_N))$$

$$G \backslash (X/\mathbb{Z}) \xrightarrow{\text{ant.}} \Pi_X^{\text{tr}}(\mu_N) \xrightarrow{\text{fixes } \Gamma_m \text{ (sub) } \Pi_X^{\text{tr}}(\mu_N) \rightarrow \Pi_Y^{\text{tr}}(\mu_N)} \text{up to conj. by } \mu_N$$

(sub) extends $\Pi_X^{\text{tr}} \rightarrow \Pi_X^{\text{tr}}(\mu_N)$

$\sim \int_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\Theta}$ up to $\Pi_X^{\text{tr}}(\mu_N)$ -conj. is indep. of the choice of
 on det of $\eta^{\Theta, \mathbb{Z} \times X}$

we have natural outer action

$$K^X \rightarrow K^X / (K^X)^N \cong H^1(G_K, \mu_N) \hookrightarrow H^1(\Pi_X^{\text{tr}}, \mu_N) \rightarrow \text{Out}(\Pi_Y^{\text{tr}}(\mu_N))$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow$$

$$\quad \quad \quad \left(\begin{array}{ccc} S_{\Pi_X^{\text{tr}}(\mu_N)}^{\text{alg}} \cong \text{Gal} \rightarrow S(\mathbb{Z}) \\ \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ S(\Pi_X^{\text{tr}}(\mu_N), \text{acpr}) \rightarrow S(\Pi_Y^{\text{tr}}(\mu_N)) \end{array} \right)$$

$$\hookrightarrow \text{Out}(\Pi_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{tr}}(\mu_n))$$

$$\text{Im}(s_{\text{alg}}: \Pi_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{tr}} \rightarrow \Pi_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{tr}}(\mu_n))$$

by μ_n

here $(\Delta_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{tr}})^{\theta} + (\Delta_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{tr}})^{\text{ell}} = \ell \Delta_{\mathbb{O}}$ are the an inv.

(2) We have an equality

$$[(\Delta_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{tr}})^{\theta}(\mu_n), (\Delta_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{tr}})^{\text{ell}}(\mu_n)] \cap (\ell \Delta_{\mathbb{O}})(\mu_n)$$

$$= \text{Im}(s_{\text{alg}}: \ell \Delta_{\mathbb{O}} \rightarrow (\Delta_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{tr}})^{\theta}(\mu_n))$$

of $\theta, \ell \Delta_{\mathbb{O}}$

$$(\mu_n) \rightarrow \text{Out}(\Pi_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{tr}}(\mu_n))$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} s_{\text{alg}}^{\text{alg}} \Pi_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{tr}}(g) \alpha \mapsto S(g) \\ s_{\text{alg}}^{\text{alg}} \Pi_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{tr}}(g) \\ S \in \Pi_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{tr}}, \alpha \in \mu_n \end{array} \right)$$

Note also

$$\text{elt} \in \text{Im}(K^{\times}) := \text{Im}(K^{\times} \rightarrow \text{Out}(\Pi_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{tr}}(\mu_n)))$$

lifts to an $\text{elt} \in \text{Aut}(\Pi_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{tr}}(\mu_n))$

which induces the id actions of both the quot.

$$\Pi_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{tr}}(\mu_n) \rightarrow \Pi_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{tr}} \text{ \& the kernel of this quot.}$$

Def 7.18 (Mono-Theta Environment [E+Th, Def 2.13])

$$\mathcal{D}_{\underline{Y}} := \langle \text{Im}(K^*), \underbrace{\text{Gal}(\underline{Y}/\underline{X})}_{\substack{|| \\ \leq 2}} \rangle \subset \text{Out}(\Pi_{\underline{Y}}^{\text{top}}[\mu_N])$$

(1) We call the following collection of data a mod N model
mono-theta environment

mono-theta environment

• the top. gp $\Pi_{\underline{y}}^{\text{top}}(\mu_N)$

• the subgp $\mathcal{D}_{\underline{y}} = (\subset \text{Out}(\Pi_{\underline{y}}^{\text{top}}(\mu_N)))$, and

• the μ_N -conj. class of subgps in $\Pi_{\underline{y}}^{\text{top}}(\mu_N)$

det'd by the image of the theta section $S_{\underline{y}}^{\ominus}$

(2), We call any collection $\mathbb{M} = (\Pi, \mathcal{D}_{\Pi}, S_{\Pi}^{\ominus})$ of the following

data a mod N mono-theta environment

• Top. gp Π

• a subgroup $D_\Pi \leq \text{Out}(\Pi)$

• a collection of subgps S_Π^0 of Π

s.t., $\Pi \xrightarrow{\cong} \Pi_{\mu}^{\text{top}}$ of top. gps which maps $D_\Pi \leq \text{Out}(\Pi)$ to $D_{\mu} \leq \text{Out}(\Pi_{\mu}^{\text{top}})$
& S_Π^0 to the μ -conj. class of subgps in Π_{μ}^{top} det'd by the image of S_Π^0

(3). $M = (\pi, D_\pi, S_\pi^\circ)$, ${}^t M = ({}^t \pi, D_{{}^t \pi}, S_{{}^t \pi}^\circ)$: mono-theta env.

isom. of mod N mono-theta env. $M \xrightarrow{\sim} {}^t M$

As be an isom. of top. gps $\pi \xrightarrow{\sim} {}^t \pi$
which maps D_π to $D_{{}^t \pi}$, S_π° to $S_{{}^t \pi}^\circ$.

M : mod N mono-theta env. $M = (\pi, D_\pi, S_\pi^\circ)$

${}^t M$: mod M : "

M/N a hom. of mono-theta env. $M \rightarrow {}^t M$

As be an isom. $M_M \xrightarrow{\sim} {}^t M$

M/N mod M mono-theta env. induced by M

Prop 7.18.1 We can consider
 mod N bi-theory over $B = (\Pi, \Delta_\Pi, S_\Pi^\theta, S_\Pi^{\text{alg}})$

Lemma 7.19 ([E+H, Prop 2.14])

(1), We have the following sp-thic characterization of the image of the
 tant. section of $(\Delta_\theta / (\mu_N)) \rightarrow \Delta_\theta$ as the full subgp
 of $(\Delta_\theta^{\text{top}} / (\mu_N))$:

$$(\Delta_\theta / (\mu_N)) \cap \left\{ \forall (a) a^t \in (\Delta_\theta^{\text{top}} / (\mu_N)) \mid \begin{array}{l} a \in (\Delta_\theta^{\text{top}} / (\mu_N)), \\ \forall \in \text{Aut}(\Pi_\theta^{\text{top}} / (\mu_N)) \text{ s.t. } \otimes \end{array} \right\}$$

Δ_θ
 by
 S_Π

env.

\otimes : the image of χ in $\text{Aut}(\Pi_\theta^{\text{top}} / (\mu_N))$ belong to D_χ .

by
11-1-04

... characterization of the image of the
faith. section of $(\Delta_0)(p_n) \rightarrow \Delta_0$ as the full subgp
of $(\Delta_0)(p_n)$:

$$(\Delta_0)(p_n) \cap \left\{ \forall (a) a \in (\Delta_{\underline{y}}^{\text{top}})(p_n) \mid \begin{array}{l} a \in (\Delta_{\underline{y}}^{\text{top}})(p_n), \\ \downarrow \in \text{Aut}(\Pi_{\underline{y}}^{\text{top}}(p_n)) \text{ s.t. } \otimes \end{array} \right\}$$

emr.

\otimes : the image of γ in $\text{Out}(\Pi_{\underline{y}}^{\text{top}}(p_n))$ belongs to $D_{\underline{y}}$,
and γ induces the identity on the quotient $\Pi_{\underline{y}}^{\text{top}}(p_n) \rightarrow \Pi_{\underline{y}}^{\text{top}} \rightarrow G_K$

(2). $\pi_{\underline{y}}^{\otimes} : \Pi_{\underline{y}}^{\text{top}} \rightarrow \Pi_{\underline{y}}^{\text{top}}(p_n)$ a section obtained as a conjugate of $S_{\underline{y}}^{\otimes}$
rel. to the actions of K^* and ℓ^{\otimes}

Put $\delta := (S_{\underline{y}}^{\otimes} \mid \pi_{\underline{y}}^{\otimes})$: 1-cycle of $\Pi_{\underline{y}}^{\text{top}}$ values in p_n
 $\delta \in \text{Aut}(\Pi_{\underline{y}}^{\text{top}}(p_n))$: the action, given by $S_{\underline{y}}^{\otimes}(\delta a) = \delta(S_{\underline{y}}^{\otimes} a)$
which induces the id out. on both the quot. $(S \in \Pi_{\underline{y}}^{\text{top}}, a \in p_n)$

$\Pi_{\underline{y}}^{\text{top}}(p_n) \rightarrow \Pi_{\underline{y}}^{\text{top}}$ the kernel of this quot.

induced by M

Then α_S extends to an autom. $\alpha_S \in \text{Aut}(\Pi_Y^{\text{top}}(\mu))$
 which induces an id aut on both the quot. $\Pi_Y^{\text{top}}(\mu) \rightarrow \Pi_Y^{\text{tr}}$.

The conj by α_S maps S_Y^{\ominus} to T_Y^{\ominus} & its kernel.

\hookrightarrow preserves the subgroup $D_Y \subseteq \text{Out}(\Pi_Y^{\text{top}}(\mu))$

(3). $M = (\Pi_Y^{\text{top}}(\mu), D_Y, S_Y^{\ominus})$: the mod N model mono-theta env.

\hookrightarrow autom. of M induces an auto of $\Pi_Y^{\text{top}}(\mu)$ (by lemma 1.6(2))

$$\begin{aligned} \leadsto \text{aut. of } \Pi_X^{\text{top}} &= \text{Aut}(\Pi_Y^{\text{top}}) \times_{\text{out}(\Pi_Y^{\text{top}})} \text{Im}(D_Y \rightarrow \text{Out}(\Pi_Y^{\text{top}})) \\ &= \text{Aut}(\Pi_Y^{\text{top}}) \times_{\text{out}(\Pi_Y^{\text{top}})} \text{Im}(D_Y \rightarrow \text{Out}(\Pi_Y^{\text{top}})) \end{aligned}$$

(3). $M = (\Pi_{\mathbb{C}}^{\text{tor}}(p_n), D_{\mathbb{C}}, S_{\mathbb{C}})$: the mod N model mono-theta str.
 \hookrightarrow autom. of M induces an action of $\Pi_{\mathbb{C}}^{\text{tor}}$ (by Lemma 1.6(2))
 \leadsto autom. of $\Pi_{\mathbb{C}}^{\text{tor}} = \text{Aut}(\Pi_{\mathbb{C}}^{\text{tor}} | \times \text{Im}(D_{\mathbb{C}} \rightarrow \text{Out}(\Pi_{\mathbb{C}}^{\text{tor}})))$
 $= \text{Aut}(\Pi_{\mathbb{C}}^{\text{tor}} | \times_{\text{Out}(\Pi_{\mathbb{C}}^{\text{tor}})} \text{Im}(D_{\mathbb{C}} \rightarrow \text{Out}(\Pi_{\mathbb{C}}^{\text{tor}})))$

next week
 IF
 Room
 110

also induces an action of the set of cusps of \mathbb{C}
 rel. to the labeling by \mathbb{Z} on those cusps,
 this induces an action of \mathbb{Z} given by $l \mathbb{Z} \times i \pm 14$
 $\leadsto \text{Aut}(M) \rightarrow \mathbb{Z} \times i \pm 14$

⊙ (1). Take a lift $f \in \text{Aut}(\Pi_{\mathbb{C}}^{\text{tor}}(p_n))$ of an elt $\in \text{Im}(K^* \subset D_{\mathbb{C}})$
 s.t. satisfies \otimes
 $f = f_1 f_2$ $f_1 \in \text{Inn}(\Pi_{\mathbb{C}}^{\text{tor}}(p_n))$, $f_2 \in \text{Aut}(\Pi_{\mathbb{C}}^{\text{tor}}(p_n))$
 the image of f_2 in $\text{Out}(\Pi_{\mathbb{C}}^{\text{tor}}(p_n))$ is in
 $\text{In} \begin{cases} \rightarrow H^1(\text{Gal}(\bar{\mathbb{C}}/\mathbb{C})) \\ \rightarrow H^1(\Pi_{\mathbb{C}}^{\text{tor}}(p_n)) \\ \rightarrow \text{Out}(\Pi_{\mathbb{C}}^{\text{tor}}(p_n)) \end{cases}$
 \mathbb{C} -th autom induced by f_2 on the part
 $\Pi_{\mathbb{C}}^{\text{tor}}(p_n) \rightarrow \Pi_{\mathbb{C}}^{\text{tor}}$ & its ker are trivial

$$\begin{array}{c}
 H'(G_K, \mu_n) \rightarrow H'(\Pi_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{top}}, \mu_n) \rightarrow H'(\Delta_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{top}}, \mu_n) \\
 \xrightarrow{\quad \circ \quad} \text{Out}(\Delta_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{top}}(\mu_n)) \\
 \sim \hookrightarrow \text{Aut}(\Delta_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{top}}(\mu_n)) \text{ is inner}
 \end{array}$$

On the other hand, $\iota_1 \hookrightarrow G_K$ trivial \circledast $\iota_2 \hookrightarrow G_K$ trivial & condition \circledast

G_K center-free (Prop 2.7 (1c))
 $\hookrightarrow \gamma_1 \in \text{Inn}(\Pi_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{top}}(\mu_n))$ is $\in \text{Inn}(\Delta_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{top}}(\mu_n))$

$\sim \hookrightarrow \gamma = \gamma_1 \iota_2 \in \text{Aut}(\Delta_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{top}}(\mu_n))$ is also inner
 $\hookrightarrow (\Delta_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{top}})^{\circ}(\mu_n) \cong \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \times \mu_n$ abelian
 $\sim \hookrightarrow$ the inner automorphisms by γ
 $\text{in } (\Delta_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{top}})^{\circ}(\mu_n) \cong \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \times \mu_n$
 \cong trivial \circledast Prop 1.17 (2)

$\sim \Delta = \Delta_1 \cup \Delta_2 \rightsquigarrow \gamma_1 \in \text{Inn}(\Pi_{\Delta_1}^{\text{top}}(p_n))$ is a $\in \text{Inn}(\Delta_{\gamma}^{\text{top}}(p_n))$
 $\Delta_{\gamma}^{\text{top}}(p_n)$ is also inner
 $(\Delta_{\gamma}^{\text{top}})^{\circ}(p_n) \cong \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z}$ abelian
 the inner automorphism by γ
 $\in (\Delta_{\gamma}^{\text{top}})^{\circ}(p_n) \cong \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z}$
 Prop 1.11(2)

(2) : omit

(3) (= 12) //

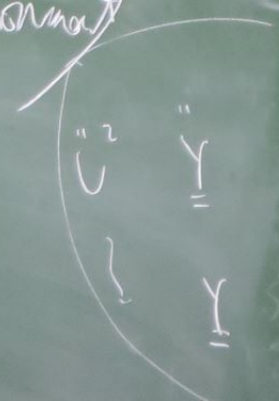
Cn 7,20 (Group-Theoretic Reconstruction of Mono-Theta Environments)

$N \geq 1$, $l: p_n$, X smooth log-cus of type $(1, (0, 0, 2)^{\circ})$ [E+Th, Cn 2, 18]

$l, n \geq 2$, $\mathbb{K} = \mathbb{K}$ / $\mathbb{K} \ni \infty \neq \emptyset$

\mathcal{M}_N : the mod N model mono-theta env.

(1). $\uparrow \Pi_X^{\text{top}}$ top-sp. $\cong \Pi_X^{\text{top}}$
 subquot. $\uparrow \Pi_{\Delta}^{\text{top}}$, $\uparrow \Pi_{\Delta_1}^{\text{top}}$, $\uparrow G_{\mathbb{K}}$, $\uparrow (l\Delta_0)$, $\uparrow (\Delta_{\gamma}^{\text{top}})^{\circ}$, $\uparrow (\Pi_X^{\text{top}})^{\circ}$,
 $\uparrow (\Delta_{\gamma}^{\text{top}})^{\circ}$, $\uparrow (\Pi_{\Delta}^{\text{top}})^{\circ}$ and $\uparrow \Pi_X^{\text{top}}$
 sp. th's alg. m.



and a collection of subgs of π^{top} in each elt $(2/22)/4/14$
 s.t. any isom. $\pi^{\text{top}} \cong \pi^{\text{top}}$ maps

(2)
 $\pi \rightarrow M$
 (3)
 $M \rightarrow \pi$

the above subgs to the subgs

$\pi^{\text{top}}, \pi^{\text{top}}, G_K, \Delta \emptyset, (\Delta_X^{\text{top}})^{\circ}, (\pi_X^{\text{top}})^{\circ}, (\Delta_X^{\text{top}})^{\circ}, (\pi_X^{\text{top}})^{\circ}$
 of π_X^{top} resp'ly

and the above collection of subgs to the collection of
 curvilinear decop. gps of π_X^{top} det'd by the label in
 in a functorial manner w.r.t. isoms of top. gps. $(2/22)/4/14$
 (no need of any reference isom. to π_X^{top})

$\Delta_{\mathbb{R}}^{\text{top}}(M)$
 defined by
 $\{ \dots \}$
 $P = \{ \dots \}$

$\Pi \rightarrow M$
 (3)
 $M \rightarrow \Pi$

• the above subgroups to the subgroups
 $\Pi_{\mathbb{R}}^{\text{top}}, \Pi_{\mathbb{R}}^{\text{top}}, G_K, \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z}, (\Delta_{\mathbb{R}}^{\text{top}})^{\theta}, (\Pi_{\mathbb{R}}^{\text{top}})^{\theta}, (\Delta_{\mathbb{R}}^{\text{top}})^{\theta}, (\Pi_{\mathbb{R}}^{\text{top}})^{\theta}$
 of $\Pi_{\mathbb{R}}^{\text{top}}$ resp.

and • the above collection of subgps to the collection of
 conjugated decop. gps of $\Pi_{\mathbb{R}}^{\text{top}}$ det'd by the label in
 in a fractional manner w.r.t. isom. of top. gps. (2.11) / 1-14
 (no need of any reference isom. to $\Pi_{\mathbb{R}}^{\text{top}}$)

(2). \Rightarrow sp. thic dylan

$(\Pi \rightarrow M) \xrightarrow{\Pi_{\mathbb{R}}^{\text{top}}} T M = (T \Pi, \mathcal{D} T \Pi, S_{T \Pi}^{\theta})$

where $T \Pi := T \Pi_{\mathbb{R}}^{\text{top}} \vee T G_K \quad (\mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z} \times T G_K)$

up to isom in a fractional manner w.r.t.
 isom. of top. gps (no need of any
 ref. isom. to $\Pi_{\mathbb{R}}^{\text{top}}$)

(See also [F+Th, Cor. 18(ii)]
 for a stronger form)

$\mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z}$
 $\mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z}$

$\Delta_{\mathbb{R}}^{\text{top}}, (\Pi_{\mathbb{R}}^{\text{top}})^{\theta}$